OKS 2101

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2.3	25.11.2021	Date of first issue: 22.06.2016	03.12.2021

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : OKS 2101

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Anticorrosion additive

Recommended restrictions on use : Restricted to professional users.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : OKS Spezialschmierstoffe GmbH
Ganghoferstr. 47
D-82216 Maisach-Gernlinden
Tel.: +49 8142 3051 500
Fax.: +49 8142 3051 599
info@oks-germany.com

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : mcm@oks-germany.com
Material Compliance Management

National contact :

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : +49 8142 3051 517

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Aerosols, Category 1	H222: Extremely flammable aerosol. H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous system	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P391	Collect spillage.

Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

pentane

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate). May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Active substance with propellant
Solvent

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	specific concentration limit M-Factor Notes Acute toxicity estimate	Concentration (% w/w)
pentane	109-66-0 203-692-4 601-006-00-1 01-2119459286-30-XXXX	Flam. Liq.2; H225 STOT SE3; H336 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Aquatic Chronic2; H411		>= 10 - < 20
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	64742-48-9 265-150-3 649-327-00-6	Flam. Liq.3; H226 STOT SE3; H336 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	Note P	>= 2,5 - < 10
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics	918-167-1 01-2119472146-39-XXXX	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Asp. Tox.1; H304	Note P	>= 1 - < 10
Hydrocarbons, C6,		Flam. Liq.2; H225		>= 2,5 - < 10

isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	931-254-9 01-2119484651-34-XXXX	Skin Irrit.2; H315 STOT SE3; H336 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Aquatic Chronic2; H411		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha	64742-49-0 926-605-8 649-328-00-1 01-2119486291-36-XXXX	Flam. Liq.2; H225 Skin Irrit.2; H315 STOT SE3; H336 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Aquatic Chronic2; H411		>= 2,5 - < 10
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2 203-905-0 603-014-00-0 01-2119475108-36-XXXX	Acute Tox.4; H302 Acute Tox.4; H332 Acute Tox.4; H312 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319		>= 1 - < 10
calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate)	57855-77-3 260-991-2	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 Skin Sens.1; H317		>= 0,1 - < 1
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :				
butane	106-97-8 203-448-7 601-004-00-0 01-2119474691-32-XXXX	Flam. Gas1A; H220 Press. GasCompr. Gas; H280	Note U (table 3.1), Note C	>= 30 - < 50
propane	74-98-6 200-827-9 601-003-00-5 01-2119486944-21-XXXX	Flam. Gas1A; H220 Press. GasCompr. Gas; H280	Note U (table 3.1)	>= 10 - < 20
isobutane	75-28-5 200-857-2 601-004-00-0 01-2119485395-27-XXXX	Flam. Gas1A; H220 Press. GasCompr. Gas; H280	Note U (table 3.1), Note C	>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If inhaled : Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and persists.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 10 minutes.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Move the victim to fresh air.
If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
Rinse mouth with water.
Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:
Unconsciousness
Dizziness
Drowsiness
Headache
Nausea
Tiredness
Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:
Erythema
Allergic appearance

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

Risks : Central nervous system depression
Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.
Health injuries may be delayed.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : The first aid procedure should be established in consultation with the doctor responsible for industrial medicine.
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : ABC powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Fire Hazard
Do not let product enter drains.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
Non-sparking tools should be used.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces.
Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not ingest.
Do not use sparking tools.
These safety instructions also apply to empty packaging which may still contain product residues.
Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Hygiene measures : Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or red-hot objects. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 2B, Aerosol cans and lighters

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Specific instructions for handling, not required.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
butane	106-97-8	AGW	1.000 ppm 2.400 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2006-01-01)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 4;(II)			
pentane	109-66-0	TWA	1.000 ppm 3.000 mg/m3	2006/15/EC (2006-02-09)
	Further information: Indicative			
		AGW	1.000 ppm 3.000 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2010-08-04)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 2;(II)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
		AGW	1.500 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2009-02-16)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 2;(II)			
	Further information: Group exposure limit for hydrocarbon solvent mixtures, Commission for dangerous substances, See also No. 2.9 of the TRGS 900			
propane	74-98-6	AGW	1.000 ppm 1.800 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2006-01-01)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 4;(II)			
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	64742-48-9	AGW	300 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2017-11-30)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 2;(II)			

	Further information: Group exposure limit for hydrocarbon solvent mixtures			
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics	Not Assigned	AGW	1.500 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2009-02-16)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 2;(II)			
	Further information: Group exposure limit for hydrocarbon solvent mixtures			
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	Not Assigned	AGW	1.500 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2009-02-16)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 2;(II)			
	Further information: Group exposure limit for hydrocarbon solvent mixtures			
isobutane	75-28-5	AGW	1.000 ppm 2.400 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2006-01-01)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 4;(II)			
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha	64742-49-0	AGW	1.500 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2009-02-16)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 2;(II)			
	Further information: Group exposure limit for hydrocarbon solvent mixtures			
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	TWA	20 ppm 98 mg/m3	2000/39/EC (2000-06-16)
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	50 ppm 246 mg/m3	2000/39/EC (2000-06-16)
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		AGW	10 ppm 49 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2019-03-29)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 2;(I)			
	Further information: Skin absorption, When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	butoxy acetic acid: 150 mg/g Creatinine (Urine)	In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift, Immediately after exposure or after working hours	TRGS 903 (2018-06-07)
		butoxy acetic acid: 100 mg/l (Urine)	In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift	TRGS 903 (2018-06-07)

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
2-butoxyethanol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	98 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	1091 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	125 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	89 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	246 mg/m3
calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2,23 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0,32 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
2-butoxyethanol	Fresh water	8,8 mg/l
	Marine water	0,88 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	463 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	34,6 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	3,46 mg/kg
	Soil	2,33 mg/kg
	Oral	0,02 mg/kg
calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate)	Fresh water	0,27 mg/l
	Marine water	0,027 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	2,7 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treatment Systems	10 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	4,69 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,469 mg/kg
	Soil	0,936 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation.
Handle only in a place equipped with local exhaust (or other appropriate exhaust).

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection
- Material : Nitrile rubber
- Break through time : > 10 min
- Protective index : Class 1

Remarks	:	Wear protective gloves. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.
Respiratory protection	:	Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Short term only
Filter type	:	Filter type A-P
Protective measures	:	The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	aerosol
Colour	:	yellow
Odour	:	characteristic
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
Melting point/range	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	-161 °C (1.013 hPa)
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	9,4 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	0,6 %(V)
Flash point	:	0 °C Method: Abel-Pensky

Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature		
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
pH	:	Not applicable substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	< 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	insoluble
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	8.327 hPa (20 °C)
Relative density	:	0,638 (20 °C) Reference substance: Water The value is calculated
Density	:	0,64 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Bulk density	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available

9.2 Other information

Explosives	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Self-ignition	:	No data available
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Sublimation point	:	No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Remarks: Effects due to ingestion may include:

Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Remarks: Respiration of solvent vapour may cause dizziness.

Symptoms: Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:, Respiratory disorder, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Fatigue, Vertigo, Central nervous system depression

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Symptoms: Redness, Local irritation

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

2-butoxyethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.746 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single contact with skin.

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20.000 mg/kg

butane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : Irritating to skin.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:
Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics:
Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:
Result : Skin irritation

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation

2-butoxyethanol:
Species : Rabbit
Assessment : Irritating to skin.
Result : Irritating to skin.

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):
Species : Rabbit
Assessment : Irritating to skin.
Result : Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:
Remarks : Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Components:

2-butoxyethanol:
Species : Rabbit
Assessment : Irritating to eyes.
Result : Irritating to eyes.

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):
Species : Rabbit
Assessment : Irritating to eyes.
Result : Irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:
Remarks : This information is not available.

Components:

2-butoxyethanol:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.
Result	:	Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Result	:	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Remarks: No data available
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

2-butoxyethanol:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

Components:

2-butoxyethanol:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility	:	Remarks: No data available
Effects on foetal development	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

2-butoxyethanol:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

No toxicity to reproduction
- Teratogenicity -

Animal testing did not show any effects on foetal development.

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

No toxicity to reproduction

STOT - single exposure

Components:

pentane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Exposure routes : Inhalation
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-butoxyethanol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

2-butoxyethanol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

pentane:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

2-butoxyethanol:

No aspiration toxicity classification

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

No aspiration toxicity classification

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation

(EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Ingestion causes irritation of upper respiratory system and gastrointestinal disturbance.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Components:

pentane:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2-butoxyethanol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.474 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.550 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: Immobilization Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.840 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Test Type: Reproduction Test Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 0,28 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0,27 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability	:	Remarks: No data available
Physico-chemical removability	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not rapidly biodegradable

2-butoxyethanol:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic
Result: rapidly biodegradable
Biodegradation: 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).
This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: No data available

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4

2-butoxyethanol:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2,5

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,81 (25 °C)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 10,96

butane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2,89
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

propane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2,36

isobutane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2,88
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : Remarks: No data available

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

Components:

calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Assessment : Non-classified PBT substance. Non-classified vPvB substance.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.
Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

Contaminated packaging : Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.
Offer empty spray cans to an established disposal company.
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

The following Waste Codes are only suggestions:

Waste Code : unused product, packagings not completely emptied
16 05 04*, gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : UN 1950

ADR : UN 1950

RID : UN 1950

IMDG : UN 1950

IATA : UN 1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : AEROSOLS

ADR : AEROSOLS
()

RID : AEROSOLS

IMDG : AEROSOLS
(naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, cyclohexane)

IATA	:	Aerosols, flammable (naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN	:	2
ADR	:	2
RID	:	2
IMDG	:	2.1
IATA	:	2.1

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Classification Code	:	5F
Labels	:	2.1

ADR

Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Classification Code	:	5F
Labels	:	2.1
Tunnel restriction code	:	(D)

RID

Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Classification Code	:	5F
Hazard Identification Number	:	23
Labels	:	2.1

IMDG

Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	2.1
EmS Code	:	F-D, S-U

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	203
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y203
Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	Flammable Gas

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	203
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y203
Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	Flammable Gas

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). : This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast) : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. : P2

P5c

P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
18	Liquefied extremely flammable gases (including LPG) and natural gas
34	Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)

Water contaminating class (Germany) : WGK 2 obviously hazardous to water
Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

TA Luft List (Germany) : Total dust:
others: 0,3 %

Inorganic substances in powdered form:
Not applicable
Inorganic substances in vapour or gaseous form:
Not applicable
Organic Substances:
portion Class 1: < 0,01 %
others: 60,39 %

Carcinogenic substances:
portion Class 3: 0,05 %

Mutagenic:
others: 0,05 %

Toxic to reproduction:
Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control)
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 93,32 %

Other regulations:

Take note of Law on the protection of mothers at work, in education and in studies (Maternity Protection Act - MuSchG).

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This information is not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H220	:	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	:	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302	:	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	:	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	:	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of other abbreviations

Note C	:	Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.
Note P	:	The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (Einecs No 200-753-7). When the substance is not classified as a carcinogen at least the precautionary statements (P102-)P260- P262-P301 + P310-P331 shall apply. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Part 3.
Note U (table 3.1)	:	When put on the market gases have to be classified as “Gases under pressure”, in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The

		group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case. The following codes are assigned: Press. Gas (Comp.) Press. Gas (Liq.) Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.) Press. Gas (Diss.) Aerosols shall not be classified as gases under pressure (See Annex I, Part 2, Section 2.3.2.1, Note 2).
2000/39/EC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
2006/15/EC	:	Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values
DE TRGS 900	:	Germany. TRGS 900 - Occupational exposure limit values.
TRGS 903	:	TRGS 903 - Biological limit values
2000/39/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
2006/15/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
DE TRGS 900 / AGW	:	Time Weighted Average

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:		**Classification procedure:**
Aerosol 1	H222, H229	Based on product data or assessment

Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Calculation method